

GP REFERRAL - UNDER 16 YEARS

63507	Scan of HEAD for a patient under 16 years for any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - unexplained seizure(s) - unexplained chronic headache with suspected intracranial pathology - paranasal sinus pathology which has not responded to conservative therapy
63510	Scan of SPINE for a patient under 16 years for any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - unexplained neck or back pain including for significant trauma - unexplained neck or back pain where significant pathology is suspected or there are associated neurological signs
63560	Scan of KNEE for a patient under 16 years for any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - internal joint derangement (following radiographic examination)
63516	Scan of HIP for a patient under 16 years for any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - certain indications for suspected septic arthritis, slipped capital femoral epiphysis or Perthes disease (following radiographic examination)
63519	Scan of ELBOW for a patient under 16 years for any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - where a significant fracture or avulsion injury is suspected that will change management (following radiographic examination)
63522	Scan of WRIST for a patient under 16 years for any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - where scaphoid fracture is suspected (following radiographic examination).

GP REFERRAL - OVER 16 YEARS

63551	Scan of HEAD for a patient 16 years or older for any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - unexplained seizure(s) - unexplained chronic headache with suspected intracranial pathology
63554	Scan of CERVICAL SPINE for a patient 16 years or older for suspected: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - cervical radiculopathy
63557	Scan of CERVICAL SPINE for a patient 16 years or older for suspected: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - cervical spine trauma
63560	Scan of KNEE following acute knee trauma for a patient 16 years or older with: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - inability to extend the knee suggesting the possibility of acute meniscal tear; or - clinical findings suggesting acute anterior cruciate ligament tear.